### § 7.2009

uninterupted service. Appropriate sample oaths are located in the "Comptroller's Corporate Manual".

(c) Filing and recordkeeping. A national bank must file the original executed oaths of directors with the OCC and retain a copy in the bank's records in accordance with the Comptroller's Corporate Manual filing and record-keeping instructions for executed oaths of directors.

[61 FR 4862, Feb. 9, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 60099, Nov. 4, 1999]

## § 7.2009 Quorum of the board of directors; proxies not permissible.

A national bank shall provide in its articles of association or bylaws that for the transaction of business, a quorum of the board of directors is at least a majority of the entire board then in office. A national bank director may not vote by proxy.

### §7.2010 Directors' responsibilities.

The business and affairs of the bank shall be managed by or under the direction of the board of directors. The board of directors should refer to OCC published guidance for additional information regarding responsibilities of directors.

## $\S 7.2011$ Compensation plans.

Consistent with safe and sound banking practices and the compensation provisions of 12 CFR part 30, a national bank may adopt compensation plans, including, among others, the following:

- (a) Bonus and profit-sharing plans. A national bank may adopt a bonus or profit-sharing plan designed to ensure adequate remuneration of bank officers and employees.
- (b) *Pension plans*. A national bank may provide employee pension plans and make reasonable contributions to the cost of the pension plan.
- (c) Employee stock option and stock purchase plans. A national bank may provide employee stock option and stock purchase plans.

## § 7.2012 President as director; chief executive officer.

Pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 76, the president of a national bank must be a member of the board of directors, but a director other than the president may

be elected chairman of the board. A person other than the president may serve as chief executive officer, and this person is not required to be a director of the bank.

# $\$\,7.2013$ Fidelity bonds covering officers and employees.

- (a) Adequate coverage. All officers and employees of a national bank must have adequate fidelity coverage. The failure of directors to require bonds with adequate sureties and in sufficient amount may make the directors liable for any losses that the bank sustains because of the absence of such bonds. Directors should not serve as sureties on such bonds.
- (b) Factors. The board of directors should determine the amount of such coverage, premised upon a consideration of factors, including:
- (1) Internal auditing safeguards employed;
  - (2) Number of employees;
  - (3) Amount of deposit liabilities; and
- (4) Amount of cash and securities normally held by the bank.

# §7.2014 Indemnification of institution-affiliated parties.

- (a) Administrative proceedings or civil actions initiated by Federal banking agencies. A national bank may only make or agree to make indemnification payments to an institution-affiliated party with respect to an administrative proceeding or civil action initiated by any Federal banking agency, that are reasonable and consistent with the requirements of 12 U.S.C. 1828(k) and the implementing regulations thereunder. The term "institution-affiliated party" has the same meaning as set forth at 12 U.S.C. 1813(u).
- (b) Administrative proceeding or civil actions not initiated by a Federal banking agency—(1) General. In cases involving an administrative proceeding or civil action not initiated by a Federal banking agency, a national bank may indemnify an institution-affiliated party for damages and expenses, including the advancement of expenses and legal fees, in accordance with the law of the state in which the main office of the bank is located, the law of the state in which the bank's holding company is